

The Daily Gazetteer.

Nov. 1454

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16. 1740.

N^o. 1452.

To the DAILY GAZETTEER.

Bath, Feb. 9.



IN your Paper of last Wednesday we have an Account of a late Political Conversation, relating to a Place-Bill. Of whom the Company was compos'd I can easily guess, and the Scene of this Debate, I am apt to believe, was near White-chapel, in a great Room

which, when I was young, we us'd to call Nebus-Hall, because of the great Number of formal Persons in that Society, who us'd to say very trifling Things, and of as weak ones who us'd to applaud them. Such as was that Assembly in those Days, I perceive it continues to be to this Time; in particular that the Practice still subsists of bringing good Queen Bess's Days into every Question, tho' with some Alteration at present: Formerly only her Ministers were mentioned, in order to asperse other Ministers; but now, it seems, it is her Majesty herself which is brought upon the Stage, with a View that need not be mentioned. And not to dwell any longer on this Distinction, I come to observe, that it appears from your Correspondent, that in the Conversation above-mention'd it was advanc'd by some-body or other, that Queen Elizabeth after her first Parliament, when her Government was settled, despised the Method of filling the House of Commons with Placemen, or such as were dependent upon her; tho' during the preceding Reigns of her Father Henry VIII. her Brother Edward VI. and her Sister Queen Mary, such Methods were made use of. Now to shew how knowing this worthy speech-maker was, of the Management of Parliaments in Queen Elizabeth's Reign, how much she despised having any Correspondence with the House of Commons; give me Leave to acquaint you, that there is still extant a Letter, amongst the Records of a certain Borough not One hundred Miles distant from the Off-side of the Horse at Charing-Cross, writ by her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain to the Electors of the said Borough. This noble Person begins by acquainting them, that as he had the Honour to be their High-Steward, and had taken all Occasions to do what Service he ever lay in his Power, he now took the Liberty to ask a Favour of them; which was, That her Majesty intending shortly to call a Parliament (viz. in or about the Year 1583, long enough after the first Parliament, and the Beginning of her Reign) his Lordship desir'd they would let him have the naming of their two Burgesses, and he would see the Borough discharg'd from the Wages which at that time they were oblig'd to pay their Representatives: He concludes by assuring them, that not doubting of their Compliance with this Request, he was their humble Servant. Sign'd R. Leicester. In a short Postscript his Lordship adds; 'If you would fend up the Return with a Blank left to insert the Burgesses Names, it would be taken very kindly.'

I leave this Letter to the Reader, without making any Remarks upon it, and go on to inform him farther, that it does not appear by any Book or Paper in the Custody of the proper Officer of this Borough, what Answer was given to his Lordship by the Corporation; but it does appear by the Original Return in the Rolls, that the Indenture was sent up with a Blank, and the two Burgesses Names are inserted with a different Hand from the rest of the Instrument, but in the same Hand that wrote the Letter to the Borough, which his Lordship sign'd; that is, without all Doubt, by his Lordship's Secretary. But perhaps it may be said, Does it appear that these two Persons were Placemen? I cannot say they were; but I suppose it is sufficient for the present Purpose that they were such Persons as the Queen's Lord Chamberlain thought might be trusted: But in looking over these Records, another Instance of the same Nature, and directly in Point, appear'd in the Return for the chief City in the County of which I am speaking. That Return was sent up like the former with a Blank, as appears by the Difference of Hands; and the first Person inserted is said to be one of her Highness's Privy Council, which he that drew the Return

not knowing there was not Room left to insert the other Citizen, which occasioned his Name to be inserted. There is likewise another Return made by a Borough at no great Distance from the said City Southward, which is fill'd up with the same Hand as the Indenture first-mention'd: And again, a Fourth Return for a Borough to the North-east of the City aforesaid, which was likewise made with a Blank, and afterwards fill'd up as was thought proper. But I say no more of this, or any other County where the same Practices were us'd; nay in one County pretty far North, I verily believe the Burgesses had been put in and out three or four times, (so extraordinary are the Razures) before the Members were fix'd to the Minds of the Persons who had the Power of the Indenture.

What I have here shewn I hope will be sufficient to satisfy any Rational Creature, Whether Queen Elizabeth desir'd any Method of getting Placemen into the House of Commons? or rather to let all the World see that Queen Elizabeth's Lord Chamberlain had almost as great a Power over the Parliament, as the present Lord Chamberlain has over the Playhouses.

And now, O Good People! whether do you think you will be led, if you follow such Guides as these? Persons, who through Ignorance or Malice, or both, do not blush to impose the grossest Falsities upon you in order to alienate your Affections from a Prince, under whose Government this Nation is as much freer than it was under Queen Elizabeth, as the Subjects under Her, were freer than those of the Grand Ser-
nor.

I am, S I R, &c.

P. R.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Vienna, Feb. 10 N. S.

MR. Robinson the British Minister here has receiv'd of Sir Everard Fawkener at the Porte a Copy of the Treaty between Russia and the Grand Signior, with its separate and secret Articles. 'Tis drawn up in Italian, and sign'd by the Marquis de Villeneuve on the Part of Russia, under the Guaranty of the French King. The Conditions are in Substance as has been already mention'd, viz. That Asoph shall be demolished; that the Trade of the Russians on the Black Sea shall be carry'd on with Turkish Vessels; that the Limits of Little Tartary shall be reduc'd; and that it shall be free for the Court of Russia to build a Fortress on this Side of the Tanais. 'Tis said, that the Velt Marshal de Wallis is arriv'd at Presburg on his Way to the Castle of Spielberg near Brum in Moravia, and that in the mean time he desires to be try'd by a Council of War.

Belgrade, Feb. 2 N. S. A Soldier having deserted from the Imperial Army to the Turks, and having put on the Turks Habit, and enter'd himself among the Janissaries, the Bashaw sent for him, and propos'd it to him to turn Mahometan, which the Soldier refusing, he caus'd him to be deliver'd up to Gen. Schmettau, who had demanded him and by whom he was committed to Prison, but 'tis thought he will be pardon'd for his Adherence to the Christian Religion.

They write from Constantinople, that the Delay of the Ambassador from Kouli Kan, who has been so long at a small Distance from that City, gives Umbrage to the Porte, who are afraid that his Master has some Design against the Ottoman Empire, and that under Pretence of a Pilgrimage to Mecca, he will turn his Arms on a sudden towards Babylon.

Stockholm, Jan. 29 N. S. Our last Crops were so thin, that we have been forc'd to open the Magazines, that were only design'd for the Forces, to prevent one third of the Inhabitants from being famish'd, and the Ships that were laden hitherto with Provisions for Finland are stopp'd in our Ports by the Frost, which continues with Severity, whereby 'tis fear'd the Troops will be very great Sufferers. The Russians are increas'd on the Frontiers to the Number of 50000 Men, but have not yet undertaken any thing that has the Shadow of an Act of Hostility. 'Tis certain, that a Negotiation is on Foot to prevent a Rupture, but 'tis not easy to foresee the Success of it. They who sincerely wish for Peace confide entirely in the good-offices of the Duke of Courland, who is very

well affected to Sweden. In the mean time the Bears and Wolves which are forc'd out of their Dens by the cold Weather make War upon the Inhabitants of the Villages in the open Country, whom they prey upon and rear to Pieces in their very Houses. The King, in order to deliver his Subjects from so dangerous an Enemy, has ordered the Huntsmen of the Court to scour the Country every Day, and issu'd a Proclamation with a considerable Reward for every Man that shall bring the Skin of a Wolf or a Bear kill'd with his own Hand to the Officers of the District where he lives.

Cadix, Feb. 19 N. S. The Deputies of the Clergy, in consideration that the Frost hinders the Importation of Salt Fish from Holland, have resolv'd to grant Licences for eating Flesh during the ensuing Lent. The Wolves commit great Ravages in these Parts. Two Days ago a Company of those Animals came from a little Wood, about a League out of Town, and rush'd upon some Children that were going to School, the oldest of which made their Escape, but the youngest were devour'd; and a Clergyman passing by about the same time, was also attack'd by those Beasts, which wounded him so dangerously that he dy'd next Day.

Genoa, Feb. 2 N. S. The Cold Weather that we had all the last Month has done incredible Damage to the Fruit-Trees from Savona to Porto Fino, which have lost all their Fruits, and most of them are kill'd by the Frost. According to the last Letters from Corsica, the greatest Part of the Community of Zicavo have declar'd in favour of the Baron John Frederick de Neuhoft, Nephew to Lord Theodore. Some of the Inhabitants of Balagna have also taken up Arms again, and there are many other Communities which are like to be troublesome again: So that the French Court might well declare to our Government by its Envoy, that a solid and lasting Tranquillity was not yet establish'd in Corsica. What Answer was return'd to the said Declaration is not yet known, but no doubt they have desir'd his Majesty not to recall his Forces from that Island, and that he will think it a Pleasure to grant us that Favour. The Republick has receiv'd certain Advice, that Baron Theodore does not despair of appearing again upon the Stage in due Time; and that he has a Party not only in Corsica, but on Terra Firma, ready to make a Push for him whenever he thinks proper.

According to an exact List of the Treasure that was arriv'd from Lima at Panama in New Spain, by the 27th of July last, it amounted to 837628 Pieces of Eight: And there was for the Commerce 16526964 Pieces of Eight in Gold and Silver Coin, and wrought Plate. They add, that notwithstanding the Storms and heavy Rains that have fallen lately in those Parts, a great Quantity of Silver from Reinosa is receiv'd at Seville, and Port St. Mary's.

Madrid, Feb. 2 N. S. The Court has sent Orders to all the Ports of the Kingdom, for laying an Embargo upon all the Ships there, that such as are proper for the King's Service may be taken up and sent to Barcelona; which confirms the Report of a Design to embark a Body of Troops there for the Island of Majorca, Orders having been actually desir'd to 28 Battalions in Catalonia, to be ready for a March upon the first Notice: And above 60 Cannon, 24 Pounds, are preparing to be likewise sent thither, with the necessary Ammunition.

The King has just appointed the Generals that are to command his Forces. The (late) Duke of Ormond is to have the Chief Command of the Army that is forming in Galicia, and to have under him the Lord Marshal (Brother to Lieutenant-General Keith) Macdonald, and two other Lieutenant-Generals, and six Major-Generals. The Count de Glimes is to command in the Isle of Majorca, with five Lieutenant-Generals and seven Major-Generals; and 'tis believ'd that the Duke de Montemar is to have the Chief Command in Andalusia.

The Weather has been so piercing cold here ever since the 30th or 6th of last Month, that nobody remembers so sharp a Winter in this Climate.

As the English are the only Gainers by the Neutrality of the King of Portugal, it has been resolv'd at Court, to force that Monarch to break with England; and this, perhaps, is one of the indirect Views of forming an Army in Galicia.

FOREIGN

FOREIGN PORTS

Amsterdam, Feb. 22. N. S. At San Lucar is arriv'd the Gothick Lion, Erick Moreen, from London. At Genoa, the —, Doede Keyneris, from Yarmouth.

HOME PORTS.

Dublin, Feb. 8. On the 29th ult. arrived the Jane, Roe, from Bourdeaux and Waterford: On the 4th inst. the Basil, Fearn, from Whitehaven for the West Indies. On the 5th sail'd the Francis and Mary, Mernagh, for Santa Cruz in Barbary.

Falmouth, Feb. 11. On the 10th sail'd the Dolphin Man of War, Lord Beauclair, with all the home ward-bound for the Eastward. This Day arrived the Duke of Cornwall, Capt. Cocart, belonging to the Customhouse, from Scilly: The Particulars of 7 Ships which Capt. Cocart says are lost there, and their Cargoes, will send by my next.

Plymouth, Feb. 12. Since my last came in the Milner, Chambers, from Virginia of and for London; the Friendship, Bowman, from Whitehaven for Rotterdam; the Hope of Hull, the Elizabeth, Fowler, of London. Several other Vessels are now turning into the Harbour, but cannot learn their Names till next Post. Wind hard at E.

Dartmouth, Feb. 12. This Day came in the Susan, Breaker, of Brighthelmston, from Bristol for Dunkirk; the Little Betty, Barker, from Guiney of and for London. In the Road the Friendship, Parrot, of and from Cork for Havre, with several Coasters. Wind at N. E.

Weymouth, Feb. 13. Yesterday came in the Endeavour, Highton, of and from Cork for Havre. Wind E. N. E. and blows very hard.

Poole, Feb. 13. Came in the Carolina, Rogers, of Christchurch from Bristol. Wind blows very fresh and cold at N. E.

Portsmouth, Feb. 14. Arrived the Catherine, Farmer, from New York, by whom we hear, that a Vessel was arriv'd at Philadelphia from Boston the 16th Dec. last, who took up at Sea three Sailors belonging to the Sea Flower, Capt. Jenkins, bound from Philadelphia for Lisbon, which founder'd the 10th of November last. The Bedford, Capt. Wells, for St Helena and Bengoolen, is preparing to sail under Convoy of the Plymouth Man of War.

Deal, Feb. 14. Wind E. N. E. The Ship which remains in the Downs proves to be the Edward and Mary, Litter, from Liverpool for London. The small Sloop from Southampton that was ashore to the Northward of Sandwich Castle her Cargo is got out, and are in hopes of saving the Vessel.

LONDON.

The above Mail brings Advice, that the Plague is broke out again at Bender, and that near three fourths of the Town are infected.

That there has been an Execution lately at Moscow of near fourscore Persons, the Court being forc'd to that Severity in order to cut up those Designs by the Root which threaten'd the Tranquillity of the Russian Empire.

They write from Lisbon, that the Portuguese Fleet, consisting of 23 Ships, is sail'd for Brasil, be sides 6 for Angola and the Islands.

On the 30th of January a Number of People going over the Ice from Londonderry Market in Ireland, it broke in several Places, by which four Men, two Women, and three Horses were drowned.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin lies dangerously ill, at his Mayoralty-House in that City.

Last Wednesday Se'nnight dy'd at Parsonstown, the Lady Parsons, Wife of Sir William Parsons, of that Kingdom, Baronet.

Also dy'd of a Quinsy at Tulla, Peter Ormsby, Esq; Captain-Lieutenant in the late General Napier's Regiment of Horse, and his Aid de Camp.

Last Wednesday the Sum of 100 l. was distributed to the Poor of Sherborne and Castleton in Dorsetshire, being the Gift of the Right Hon. William Lord Digby.

Monday last three Soldiers of Col. Handasyde's Regiment were try'd at the Crown Moor Court at Chester for robbing on the Highway, and being thereof convicted, received Sentence of Death.

Last Saturday died at her House in Queen-square Court, Soho, Mrs. Clutterbuck, Daughter of the late Sir — Clutterbuck, Kt. said to have died worth 100000 l.

The same Day died on the Road to Bath, near Marlborough, John Lake, Esq; a Gentleman possess'd of an Estate of 14000 l. per annum in the County of Norfolk.

Last Thursday one Man and six Women were taken up and whipp'd at the Whipping-post for begging in St. George's Parish Hanover-square, and Ye-

sterday a Man and a Woman were committed to Bridewell on the same Account.

The Right Hon. the House of Peers have adjourn'd to Tuesday next.

Yesterday being the Anniversary Meeting of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, an excellent Sermon was preach'd at Bow Church, by the Right Rev. Dr. Benson, Bishop of Gloucester; at which were present several of the Bishops, and divers other Persons of Distinction.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge,	02 14	02 42

Bank Stock 138 1-half, 3-4ths. India 154. South Sea 94 1-half. Old Annuity 109 1-8th. New ditto 107 1-4th, 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 98 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan 107 1-4th. Five per Cent. ditto 88 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 86 1-8th. London Assurance 11. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 31. 13s. Prem. South Sea ditto —. Bank Circulation 31. 5s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 3-4ths Prem. English Copper 31. 6s. 6d. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 101. Three per Cent. ditto 94. Million Bank 113 3-4ths. Equivalent 110 1-8th.

BOOKS lately Publish'd, and Printed for Stephen Austen, at the Angel and Bible in St. Paul's Church-yard.

I. A Compleat System of OPTICKS, in

Four books, viz. a Popular, a Mathematical, a Mechanical, and a Philosophical Treatise: To which are added, Remarks upon the Whole. By Robert Smith, L.L.D. Master of Mechanics to His Majesty, and Professor of Astronomy and Experimental Philosophy at Cambridge.

II. Hydrostatical and Pneumatical Lectures. By Roger Cotes, A.M. late Professor of Astronomy, and Experimental Philosophy at Cambridge: Published with Notes, by his Successor Robert Smith, L.L.D. Master of Mechanics to his Majesty.

III. Observations de Aere et Morbis Epidemicis, his accedit Opusculum de Morbo Colico Damnoniensis. Auctore Joanne Huxham, M.D. R. S. S.

IV. The Elements of Sir Isaac Newton's Philosophy explained and adapted to all Capacities. Written originally in French by the Celebrated Mr. Voltaire.

V. The Mathematical and Geometrical Lectures read before the University of Cambridge. By the learned Isaac Barrow, D.D. Master of Trinity College in Cambridge.

VI. A Compleat System of General Geog-aphy, in Two Vols. 8vo. Written originally by Bernhard Varenius, M.D. now translated into English, and illustrated with Sir Isaac Newton and Dr. Jurin's Notes.

VII. The Method of Fluxions and Infinite Series. By Sir Isaac Newton. Translated with large Notes and Annotations, by John Colson, A.M. F.R.S.

VIII. A Compendious and Methodical Account of the Principles of Natural Philosophy. By Benj. Worfier, A.M.

This Day is publish'd,

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

A Collection of the STATE PAPERS

of JOHN THURLOE, Esq; Secretary, first to the Council of State and afterwards to the Two Protectors, OLIVER and RICHARD CROMWELL. Containing authentic Memorials of the English Affairs, from the Year 1638, to the Restoration of King CHARLES II. Published from the Originals, formerly in the Library of John Lord Somers, Lord High Chancellor of England; and since in that of Sir Joseph Jekyll, Knt. late Master of the Rolls; together with Translations of those in Foreign Languages. Likewise 247 Letters, written by Thurloe, Fleetwood; Lord Fauconberg and Sir William Lockhart, Embassadors in France; Sir A. Ashley Cooper, Dr. Thomas Clarges, Brother-in-Law to General Monk, and others; communicated by the Right Hon. the Earl of Shelburne. The Whole digested into an exact Order of Time.

To which will be added, The Life of Mr. THURLOE, with his Effigies curiously engraven from an original Painting: As also a complete Index.

By THOMAS BIRCH, M.A. F.R.S.

Proposals, with a Specimen of the Work, may be had of the Undertaker Fletcher Gyles, Bookseller in Holborn, at which Place Subscriptions are taken in, as likewise by the following Bookellers; viz. Mr. Stagg in Westminster-Hall, Mr. Dodley in Pall-Mall, Mr. Woodward in Fleetstreet. Mr. Davis in Pater-noster row, Mr. Whitridge at the Royal Exchange, Mr. Leake at Bath, Mr. Clements at Oxon, Mr. Thurbourne at Cambridge, Mr. Hildyard at York, Mr. Bryson at Newcastle, Mr. Creighton at Ipswich, Mr. Score at Exeter, Mr. Ward at Nottingham, Mr. Goddard at Norwich, Mess. James Davidson and Company at Edinburgh, Mr. Owen and Mr. Faulkner at Dublin.

If any Gentleman possessed of Original State Papers between 1638 and the Restoration relative to this Collection, will be so kind as to communicate them to the Undertaker, they shall be faithfully inserted, and the Favour thankfully acknowledged by their Most obedient humble Servant,

Dec. 4. 1739. FLETCHER GYLES.

N. B. Such Gentlemen as are willing to encourage this Undertaking, are desired to send in their Names, together with the first Payment, before Lady-Day next, that their Names may be inserted in the printed List of Subscribers, at which Time the Work will be put to the Press. And no more printed than subscribed for.

This Day is Publish'd, ANNUITIES on LIVES AND FOR LIMITED TERMS of YEARS, CONSIDERED:

Being OBSERVATIONS on what hath been lately advanced by divers AUTHORS, tending to depreciate the Value of Estates on those Tenures.

To which is added, A SUPPLEMENT to the Gentleman's Steward, and Tenants of Manors Instructed.

By JOHN RICHARDS, of Exon. Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster Row.

Where may be had, Written by the same Author, The GENTLEMAN'S STEWARD and TENANTS of MANORS Instructed.

Containing rational, easy and familiar Rules and Tables, for finding the Value of Estates of Freehold, Copyhold, or Leasehold, as well on Lives as for Years absolute, &c. Also at the same Place may be had,

1. The History of the Troubles of Great Britain: Containing a Particular Account of the most remarkable Passages in Scotland, from the Year 1633 to 1650. With an exact Relation of the Wars carried on, and Battles fought, by the Marquis of Montrose. (All which are omitted in the Earl of Clarendon's History) Also a full Account of the Transactions in England during that Time. Written in French by Robert Monteth of Salmonst. To which is added, The true Causes and favourable Conjunctions which contributed to the Restoration of King Charles II. Written in French by D. Wieria de Mufery. Translated into English by Capt. James Ogilvie. In Folio.

To be Sold by Auction,

On Thursday and Friday the 28th and 29th Instant at the Great House in Ferymyn street, St. James's

THE noble and valuable Collection of

Pictures, Cartoons, Prints and Drawings late of Richard Norton, Esq; brought from his Mansion-house at Southwick near Portsmouth, consisting of the most illustrious Italian and Flemish Schools, viz.

Titian,	Guido,	Parmegiano,
Coreggio,	Claud Lorraine,	An. Caracci,
Tintoretto,	Andrea del Sarto,	Salvator Rosa,
Phil. Lauro,	Orisanti,	Spagnoletto,
Reubens,	Van Dyke,	Vande Velde,

Likewise his Marble Statues, Bustos, Fountain of Narcissus, Models, and Plaisters, by Framingo Bernini, and others.

The Pictures, &c. are to be viewed on Monday the 15th to the Time of Sale, which will begin at Eleven o'Clock precisely.

The Marble Groupes of Prometheus, and Antinous, being too large to move, during the Badness of the Streets, a proper Person will attend to shew them, at the Exchequer Coffee-house, in New Palace-yard, Westminster.

Catalogues will be delivered gratis, the Days of Viewing, at the Place of Sale; at the Exchequer Coffee-house; and at Mess. Chillingworth and Burnet, Upholders in the Strand.

ANTI-SYPHILICON.

THE only short and most infallible

Cure in the Universe for the VENEREAL DISEASE, from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Joints are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant Virus, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd CLAPS, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Joints from being tainted with any remaining Relicks on one Hand, or a venereal Gleet or Weakness to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the French Illness, attended with Nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings out, and all the other most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy or true Venereal Antidote in the World; and this some Thousands have to their great Joy experienc'd.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement; but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplish'd, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury, may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such likewise as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may by a few Doses of it entirely free themselves from all Suspicion of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and on that Account, in all scorbutick, feropulous, and even leprous Eruptions or Foulnesses of the Skin, Glandulous Swellings and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose, than any other Medicine yet known can by ten.

The Price of this most Noble ANTI-SYPHILICON is but Six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. RAUFOUR's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which, all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the Venereal Disease, may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is intricately rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.